CAUTION KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

SIPCAM PACIFIC MAIZINA 500 FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 500 g/L ATRAZINE

GROUP C HERBICIDE

A pre-emergent and post-emergent herbicide for the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in a range of crops and *Pinus radiata* plantations and for use in triazine tolerant canola as per the directions for use table.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT.

**

SIPCAM PACIFIC AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Suite 11, 23-31 Gheringhap Street GEELONG VIC 3220 ACN 072 176 888 TEL:03 5223 3746

**: for pack sizes 1 L, 5 L and 20 L

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

DO NOT apply within 60m of natural or impounded lakes or dams

DO NOT use in channels or drains.

DO NOT apply under meteorological conditions or from equipment which could be expected to cause drift of this product or spray mix into adjacent areas, particularly wetlands, waterbodies or water courses.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Do not apply or drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where their roots may extend or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.

Do not spray foliage of desirable plants. Do not apply high rates of application to heavier soils if roots of desirable shrubs and trees are near the surface. Do not use near newly planted shrubs, young ornamentals or species with shallow roots.

DO NOT use in meteorological conditions or from spraying equipment which could be expected to cause spray drift onto nearby susceptible plants, crops, pastures or crop land.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed original container, in a well ventilated area, as cool as possible out of direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the container below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist. When preparing the spray and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and a washable hat, and elbow length PVC gloves. Users of hand directed sprayers require, in addition, waterproof trousers and boots. After use and before eating drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre.(Telephone: 131126) If additional hazard information is required, refer to Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

NOTICE TO BUYER

This product is not to be used for any purpose or in any way contrary to label instructions.

The buyer by use or application of this product acknowledges so doing upon the terms and conditions agreed between Sipcam Pacific Pty Limited and the buyer but not limited to the following.

To the extent permitted by law all conditions and other warranties or other rights of action which buyer or any other user may have against Sipcam Pacific Pty Limited (Sipcam) or Seller are hereby excluded. Sipcam hereby gives notice to buyer and other users that it will not accept responsibility for any indirect or consequential loss arising from reliance on product information or advice provided by Sipcam or on its behalf unless it can be established that such information or advice was provided negligently and that the product has been used strictly as directed. Notwithstanding the generality of this notice Sipcam will not be held liable for any loss, injury or damage indirect or consequential arising form the sale, supply, use or application of this product. Sipcam's liability shall in all circumstances be limited to replacement of the product or a refund of the purchase price paid therefor.

NRA Approval Number: 50164/

Date of Manufacture:

Batch No:

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

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SIPCAM PACIFIC

MAIZINA 500 FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

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GROUP C HERBICIDE

A pre-emergent and post-emergent herbicide for the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in a range of crops and *Pinus radiata* plantations and for use in triazine tolerant canola as per the directions for use table.

THIS BOOKLET IS PART OF THE LABEL

NRA Approval Number: 50164/

SIPCAM PACIFIC AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Suite 11, 23-31 Gheringhap Street GEELONG VIC 3220 ACN 072 176 888 TEL:03 5223 3746

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS:

DO NOT plant crops other than those recommended on this label for at least 6 months following treatments of this product at rates of up to 2.5 litres per hectare and for 18 months following treatments of 2.5 to 6.0 litres per hectare.

DO NOT apply to waterlogged soil.

DO NOT apply if heavy rains or storms that are likely to cause surface runoff are forecast within 2 days of application.

DO NOT irrigate to the point of runoff for at least 2 days after application.

DO NOT use as a pre-emergence application in sorghum, broom millet, or saccaline during the wet season in the Northern Irrigation areas of Western Australia.

SOIL MOISTURE: This product requires rainfall or irrigation to move it down into the weed root zone to make it effective. Sufficient rain or irrigation to thoroughly wet the soil through the weed root zone should occur or be made within 10 days after spraying.

CROP AREAS

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	SOIL TYPE	RATE L/HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Broom millet, Sorghum, Saccaline (Forage Sorghum) Irrigated and Dryland	Amaranthus (<i>Amaranthus sp.</i>), Annual Ground Cherry (<i>Physalis spp.</i>), Barnyard Grass (<i>Echinochloa crus- galli</i>), Blackberry Nightshade (<i>Solanum nigrum</i>), Black bindweed (<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>) (Qld & NSW only), Bladder Ketmia, Burrs, Caltrop (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>), Crowsfoot Grass, Dwarf Marigold, Fathen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>), Lovegrass (<i>Eragrostis curvula</i>), Mintweed (<i>Salvia reflexa</i>), Paddy melon (<i>Cucumis spp.</i>), Parthenium weed, Pigeon weed, Pigweed, Plains grass, Potato weed (<i>Galinsoga parviflora</i>), Sesbania pea, Spring Grass, Summer grass (<i>Cenchrus ciliaris</i>), Sunflowers (<i>Helianthus annuas</i>), Thornapple (<i>Datura spp.</i>), Wild Oats (<i>Avena fatua</i>), Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>)	All States	All Soils	All Soils	3.6 L/ha	Dryland Areas - Use as a pre plant or per emergence treatment only where grasses are likely to be the main problem. Another application (post emergence) may be required under dry conditions where long term weed control is required or additional weed control is required because of heavy rainfall or prolonged wet conditions or because dry weather follows sowing and spraying, and weed and grass growth occurs. For post-emergent use, add a non-ionic surfactant.
				3.6L/ha followed by 2.5L/ha	Dryland Areas -Pre-emergence followed by post-emergence, blanket application. DO NOT apply to very sandy soils. For post-emergent use, add a non-ionic surfactant.	
				6.0L/ha	Dryland Areas - Use post-emergence only for the control of annual grasses. Escapes of Pigweed may occur at rates below 4.5 L/ha (Qld only). Add a non-ionic surfactant.	
				4.5L/ha	Dryland Areas - Use post-emergence for control of broadleaf weeds. Blanket application . Refer to Method of Application Table. Add a non-ionic surfactant	

Broom millet, Sorghum, Saccaline (Forage Sorghum) Irrigated and Dryland (Continued)	As above	All States	Light Soil	4.5L/ha	Irrigated Areas (NOT MIA) - Post Emergence only. Do not use on light sandy soil.
			Medium Soil	3L followed by 2.5 to 3.5L/ha	Irrigated Areas (NOT MIA) - Pre-plant or pre-emergence followed by post-emergence. Use a higher rate where grasses are a major problem. Post Emergent: Add a non-ionic surfactant
			Heavy Soil	3.5L/ha	
			Medium soil	4.6L to 6.0L/ha	Irrigated Areas - Pre-emergence or pre-plant only (NOT MIA). Use the higher rate where grasses are a major problem.
			Heavy soil	6.0L/ha	For control of Partnenium weed apply a maximum of 6L/ha/year. Post Emergent: Add a non-ionic surfactant
IRRIGATED AND DRYLAND Maize and Sweet Corn	As above	All States	Light and Medium soil	4.5 L/ha	Use this rate where broadleaf weeds are a problem. May be applied by low volume boom or by air. Post Emergent: Add a non-ionic surfactant
			Medium and heavy soil	6.0L/ha	Use this rate where grass weeds are a problem. May be applied by low volume boom or by air. Post Emergent: Add a non-ionic surfactant
IRRIGATED AND DRYLAND Sorghum	Parthenium weed	Qld only	All soils	2 - 4L/ha	Apply as a pre-emergent blanket spray. Add 100mL/100L non-ionic surfactant (100%)to the spray mixture. Apply a maximum 6L/ha/year.
	Black pigweed, Sesbania Pea	Qld only	All soils	2L & 500mL 2,4-D (500 g/L)	Post Emergence

Sugar cane	Giant Sensitive Plant alone or in association with Blue Top , Barnyard grass, Budda pea, Cobbler's Pegs, Crowsfoot grass, Flannel weed, Pigweed, Sida retusa , Sesbania, Stinking Passion vine, Summer grass, Thickhead, Vines, Wild Rose	Qld only	All soils	4 to 6L/ha	Avoid spraying weeds under stress. Apply to moist soil and when rain is likely to occur within 10 days. Use as a pre emergent spray if grass weeds are a problem. Use as a post emergent spray if broadleaf weeds are a problem. Broadleaf weeds should be actively growing and no more than 4-6 true leaves at time of application. If grass weeds are present at time of application apply a recommended post-emergent herbicide. Use the higher rate for longer residual control.
Lucerne (established more than 1 year)	Mintweed (Salvia reflexa)	All States		1.1L/ha	Apply by low volume boom spray to first germination of seedlings at 5 to 8 cm high. Use 140 to 170 litres of spray mixture/ha. DO NOT TREAT LUCERNE STANDS UNDER ONE YEAR OLD.
	Black pigweed	Central	1	2 L/ha	Pre-emergence
Maize & Sorgnum		Qld Only		630mL or 2L/ ha	Post-Emergence: Use the lower rate for seedlings (2 true leaves). For plants up to 3cm in diameter use higher rate Add a non-ionic surfactant. (see table section (d))
Lupins - weed free seed bed	Capeweed , Clovers and Medics, Doublegee, Mustard, Turnip, Wild Radish, Wireweed Suppression of annual grass weeds	WA only		500mL- 1L plus 500mL- 1L Sipcam Pacific Amizina 500SC Herbicide	DO NOT use on white or grey sands. Apply immediately before or at seeding to bare moist soil. Do not apply to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. Incorporation by sowing should not exceed 5cm. Sufficient rainfall (20-30mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application. Results can be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and lupins are sown into a dry or low moisture seedbed. Apply a maximum of 930 g/ha of the mixture on yellow sands. Apply 1.2kg/ha on all other soil types. NOTE: Some early crop phytotoxicity may be observed particularly on yellow sands carrying native pear and pine vegetation.

Grass seed crops Established seed crops of Sirocco Phalaris, Demeter fescue, Currie Cocksfoot	Brome grass (Bromus unioloides)	All States	All Soils	1.8 to 2.2L/ha	Apply by low volume boom spray after the autumn break when Brome grass is emerging.
Seedling Signal Grass, and Panicum maximum	Billygoat weed (Blue top), Crowsfoot grass, Cobblers Pegs (Bidens piluosa), Fleabane, Lovegrass (Eragrostis curvula), Mexican Poppy, Rhodes grass (Chloris gayana), Setaria, Sida sp., Solaria spp.,Stinking Roger, Thickhead, Wild Hops, Wild Radish (Raphanus raphanistrum), Woolly Top	Qld only		4.5 to 6.0L/ha	Pre-emergent: Apply immediately after planting to moist soil before weeds or crop germinate. Use the lowest rate on <i>Panicum maximum</i> seed crops and the highest rate on Signal Grass when grasses are likely to be a major problem. Note: damage may occur to <i>Panicum maximum</i> where application is made under cool moist conditions. Guinea grass, panics and summer grasses are not controlled.
Seedling Ryegrass crops, Seed crops	Toad Rush (<i>Juncus bufonis</i>), Winter grass (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Vic only		900mL to 1L/ha	Use the lower rate at 2-3 true leaves and the higher rate at tillering.
Established Ryegrass seed crops	Barley grass (<i>Hordeum leporinum</i>), Docks, Loosestrife(<i>Lythrum</i> <i>hyssopifolia</i>), Soft Brome (<i>Bromus</i> <i>mollis</i>), Sorrel (<i>Rumex acetosella</i>), Silver grass, Toad rush (<i>Juncus</i> <i>bufonis</i>), Winter grass (<i>Poa annua</i>)			1.5 to 2L/ha	graze heavily before application. Apply after good autumn rains and conditions are becoming cooler, around late May to mid June. Note: Some crop damage may occur on sandy soils or if crop is water stressed. Do not apply nitrogen prior to spraying.
Fallow area maintenance prior to sowing wheat, peas, lupins	Broadleaf weeds and grasses			1.2 to 1.6L/ha	Apply late July to mid September for May-June sowing. Use the higher rate for a 14 month fallow and apply in February/April before autumn rains.

Seed bed preparation for Sorghum Crop in Conservation tillage System	As for sorghum weed control Parthenium weed	Qld, NSW only	All soils	1L OR 6L 6L	Apply to moist soil when rain is imminent and prior to the germination of weeds and grasses. If seedling weeds are present tank mix with Glyphosate (360 g/L). Use the lower rate when short term control of weeds is required or where crop will follow sorghum control in the rotation.
Maintenance of fallow areas prior to planting a sorghum crop in a conservation tillage system.	Amaranthus (<i>Amaranthus sp.</i>), Annual Ground Cherry (<i>Physalis spp.</i>), Barnyard Grass (<i>Echinochloa crus- galli</i>), Blackberry Nightshade (<i>Solanum nigrum</i>), Black bindweed (<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>), Bladder Ketmia, Burrs, Caltrop (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>), Crowsfoot Grass, Dwarf Marigold, Fathen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>), Lovegrass (<i>Eragrostis curvula</i>), Mintweed (<i>Salvia reflexa</i>), Paddy melon (<i>Cucumis spp.</i>), Parthenium weed, Pigeon weed, Plains grass, Potato weed (<i>Galinsoga parviflora</i>), Sesbania pea, Summer grass (<i>Cenchrus ciliaris</i>), Sunflowers (<i>Helianthus annuas</i>), Thornapple (<i>Datura spp.</i>), Wild Oats (<i>Avena fatua</i>), Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>)	NSW, Qld only	All Soils	3.6 to 6.5L/ha	Apply pre-plant to moist soil or when rain is imminent and prior to germination of weeds. May be tanked mixed with recommended knockdowm herbicides if weeds are present. Use the lower rate when short term control is required, or if wheat crop is to be planted following the sorghum crop. For Parthenium weed apply a maximum of 6L/ha/year.

Triazine Tolerant Canola Only

Restraints:

(other restraints also apply) DO NOT use a triazine herbicide if the area had a triazine herbicide applied to it last growing season DO NOT use more than 2L/ha on alkalaine soils (greater than pH 6.5) or in combination with atrazine. Note: This will reduce the potential for herbicide carryover into rotational cereal crops.

SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Single Application - Pre-emergence Single application Post Emergence (up to 4-6 leaf crop stage ie within 4-5 weeks of crop emergence)	Annual rye grass, Barley Grass, Capeweed, Charlock, Corn Gromwell (Sheep Weed), Double Gee (Spiny emex), Fumitories, Geranium, Ivy-leaf Speedwell, London Rocket, Mustards, Oats, Paterson's Curse, , Shepherd's Purse, Soursob, Turnip Weed, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip, Winter Grass. Suppression of: Clovers, medics, wireweed and annual grasses	2 – 4 L/ha 1 – 2L/ha	 Where a dense population of annual ryegrass, wild oats or wireweed is expected a pre-sowing treatment of trifluralin is recommended. Post Sowing pre-emeregence – best results are obtained when the treatment is applied to bare, moist soil and when significant rain (20-30mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone occurs within 2-3 weeks of application.
Split application Pre-emergence Plus Post Emergence		1 – 2L/ha (pre- emergence) PLUS 1 –2 L/ha	

FORESTRY AREAS

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE L/ha (All soils)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Pinus radiata plantations	Capeweed, Clovers, Mouse eared Chickweed (<i>Stellaria</i> <i>media</i>), Rye Grass, Sand Brome (<i>Bromus spp.</i>), Silver grass, Common Sow Thistle (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>), Spear Thistle seedlings, Yorkshire Fog (<i>Holcus lanatus</i>), Wild Oats (<i>Avena fatua</i>)	NSW, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	9 L to 16 L/ha	Pre-planting: Graze the area heavily and apply the tank mixture no more than two weeks before planting by boom spray or aircraft. Post-Planting: Apply the mixture either immediately after or within one month of planting by boom spray. Pines should be at least one month old when applying by aircraft. Apply before the spring flush commences. Use the lowest rate where broadleaf weeds are a problem and the highest rate where grasses are a major problem. NOTE: For sandy soils which are highly erodible use a maximum of 9L product /ha/year For clay loams and heavier textured soils apply a maximum of 16L product /ha/year.
Roadsides and rights of way	Parthenium weed	Qld only	6L	Pre and Post Emergent: Apply to moist soil, following germinating rains and when further follow up rain is imminent. Where germination has occurred, ensure application is made to seedling plants.

NOT TO BE USED IN ANY MANNER OR FOR ANY PURPOSE CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

WITHHOLDING PERIODS:

CANOLA – Pre-emergence application – DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 15 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

- Post-emergence application – DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCKFOOD FOR 10 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

Other uses: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This product can be used both pre and post emergent to selectively control weeds in the crops listed in the directions for use table and in *Pinus radiata* plantations. It can also be used to control weeds in Triazine Tolerant Canola varieties Established perennial species will not be controlled at the rates recommended. Duration and effectiveness of control depends on the amount of chemical applied, soil type, rainfall, weed species and other conditions.

Sufficient moisture (either rainfall or irrigation) is required to move the product into the root zone of weeds to make the product effective. This should occur within 10 days of application to ensure product effectiveness.

DO NOT apply more than 6 litres per hectare per year for all crops except forestry.

DO NOT apply more than 9 litres per hectare per year in forestry situations in sandy soils and soils classed as highly erodible and not more than 16 litres per hectare per year for clay loams and heavier textured soils.

Triazine Tolerant Canola

The use of this product may promote the development of herbicide resistance in weed populations. Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Ltd have a stewardship programme in place to assist in the Weed Management Strategy. It is important that the grower be aware of the Weed Management strategy . Such advice can be obtained from Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Ltd.

Mixing

DO NOT mix, load or apply this product within 20m of any well, sink hole, intermittent or perennial stream. Stir the product or invert the container prior to use in case settling has occurred in storage.

Partially fill the spray tank with water and maintain agitation while adding the required quantity of Sipcam Pacific Maizina 500. Agitation should continue after filling and during spraying.

If spray is allowed to stand, agitate thoroughly before resuming spraying.

Compatibility

This product is compatible with Glyphosate 360 and Glyphosate 450, paraquat, paraquat/diquat mixtures and amitrole. It is advisable that a small scale compatibility test be carried out prior to tank mixing with other products. In sugar cane only, the addition of Sodium 2,4-D will assist in short term suppression of Nutgrass and other sedges.

WARNING:

Sorghum, Broom millet, Saccaline

Heavy rain immediately after application may result in excessive concentrations of herbicide in the seed furrow, encouraging crop injury. This is most likely to occur in pre-plant or pre-emergence applications using rates in excess of 3.6L/ha. To avoid the likelihood of herbicide injury use technique (a), (b) or (d) in the Time of Application table. Do not use as a pre-emergence application in the wet season in the northern irrigation areas of Western Australia. When sowing is made on the flat avoid application to ridged soil.

Applying the total amount of product as a pre-emergence application will increase the risk of crop injury in the event of heavy rain after application.

Maize, Sweet Corn

For post-emergent application add crop oil at the rate of 5.5L/ha if grass weeds are a problem. Ensure that the mixture is continually agitated. Do not apply mixtures of crop oil to stressed crops, inbred lines or breeding stock as injury may occur. If only broadleaf weeds are a problem, as 135mL of a 100% non-ionic surfactant per 100L of spray mixture.

Application

Application can be made by low volume boom or by aircraft.

Suggested minimum volumes of spray mixture per hectare are:

Boom: Pre-plant / Pre-emergence55LPost Emergence110LAir:Pre-Plant/ Pre-Emergence15L

Post Emergence 22L

Application can be made as an overall spray or as a band spray. Minimum band width should be 30cm. DO NOT use human flaggers in aerial spraying, unless protected by engineering controls such as enclosed cabs.

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Type of application	Critical Comments	Incorporation		
(a) Pre-plant application followed by Post- Emergence Application	Apply after establishment of the seed bed and up to two weeks prior to sowing. Application should be made preferably to moist soil. If using this technique on irrigated crops then a Post-Emergence application must be made as soon as possible after crop emergence and development of 2-3 leaves.	If applied to dry soil, lightly harrow to incorporate the product into the soil not more than 4cm deep. Should weeds develop after a pre-plant or pre-emergence		
(b) Pre-emergence followed by Post- Emergence Application	Apply at or immediately after planting and before crop and weeds emerge. Application should be made preferably to moist soil. If using this technique on irrigated crops then a Post- Emergence application must be made as soon as possible after crop emergence and development of 2-3 leaves. NOTE: Applying the total amount as a Pre-emergence application increases the risk of crop damage.	application a shallow cultivation may assist weed control. Avoid deep cultivation as this may throw untreated soil over the sprayed areas and seriously reduce weed control.		
(c)Pre-Emergence Apply at or immediately after planting before crop and weeds emerge. Preferably apply to moist soil.				
(d) Post-Emergence ApplicationApplication should be made when the weeds are not more than 1cm high and the crop is at the 2-3 leaf stage. Soil should be moist and irrigation or rain should follow application. Always add a non-ionic surfactant (100%) at the rate of 135mL per 100L spray for all Post- Emergent applications.				

For dryland and irrigated Sorghum, Broom millet, Saccaline, Maize and Sweet Corn

NOTE: Should weeds develop after a Pre-Plant or Pre-emergence application a shallow cultivation may assist control. Avoid deep cultivation which may throw untreated soil over the sprayed area, as this may seriously reduce weed control.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

Sipcam Pacific Maizina 500 Flowable Herbicide is a member of the triazines group of herbicides. Sipcam Pacific Maizina 500 Flowable Herbicide has the inhibitor of photosynthesis at photosystem II mode of action. For weed resistance management Sipcam Pacific Maizina 500 Flowable Herbicide is a Group C Herbicide.

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Sipcam Pacific Maizina 500 Flowable Herbicide and other inhibitors of photo-synthesis at photosystem II herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Sipcam Pacific Maizina 500 Flowable Herbicide or any other inhibitors of photo-synthesis at photosystem II herbicide.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Sipcam Pacific Maizina 500 Flowable herbicide to control resistant weeds.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

DO NOT apply within 60m of natural or impounded lakes or dams

DO NOT use in channels or drains.

DO NOT apply under meteorological conditions or from equipment which could be expected to cause drift of this product or spray mix into adjacent areas, particularly wetlands, waterbodies or water courses.

1 December 2000

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Do not apply or drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where their roots may extend or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.

Do not spray foliage of desirable plants. Do not apply high rates of application to heavier soils if roots of desirable shrubs and trees are near the surface. Do not use near newly planted shrubs, young ornamentals or species with shallow roots. **DO NOT** use in meteorological conditions or from spraying equipment which could be expected to cause spray drift onto nearby susceptible plants, crops, pastures or crop land.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed original container, in a well ventilated area, as cool as possible out of direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the container below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist. When preparing the spray and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and a washable hat, and elbow length PVC gloves. Users of hand directed sprayers require, in addition, waterproof trousers and boots. After use and before eating drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (TEL: 131126). If additional hazard information is required, refer to Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

NOTICE TO BUYER

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To the extent permitted by law all conditions and other warranties or other rights of action which buyer or any other user may have against Sipcam Pacific Pty Limited (Sipcam) or Seller are hereby excluded. Sipcam hereby gives notice to buyer and other users that it will not accept responsibility for any indirect or consequential loss arising from reliance on product information or advice provided by Sipcam or on its behalf unless it can be established that such information or advice was provided negligently and that the product has been used strictly as directed. Notwithstanding the generality of this notice Sipcam will not be held liable for any loss, injury or damage indirect or consequential arising form the sale, supply, use or application of this product. Sipcam's liability shall in all circumstances be limited to replacement of the product or a refund of the purchase price paid therefor.